

$\underline{\tt B23006.}\ \underline{\tt EDUCATIONAL}\ \underline{\tt ATTAINMENT}\ \underline{\tt BY}\ \underline{\tt EMPLOYMENT}\ \underline{\tt STATUS}\ \underline{\tt FOR}\ \underline{\tt THE}\ \underline{\tt POPULATION}\ \underline{\tt 25}$

YEARS AND OVER - Universe: POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER

Data Set: 2004 American Community Survey

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <u>Survey Methodology</u>.

« hide upper and lower bounds

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	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	381,642	379,896	383,388
Less than high school graduate:	32,732	29,729	35,735
In labor force:	14,843	12,194	17,492
In Armed Forces	0	0	274
Civilian:	14,843	12,194	17,492
Employed	13,155	10,508	15,802
Unemployed	1,688	1,161	2,215
Not in labor force	17,889	15,261	20,517
High school graduate:	108,482	103,056	113,908
In labor force:	76,193	71,025	81,361
In Armed Forces	636	268	1,004
Civilian:	75,557	70,383	80,731
Employed	65,286	58,698	71,874
Unemployed	10,271	8,054	12,488
Not in labor force	32,289	29,525	35,053
Some college, no degree:	136,557	131,875	141,239
In labor force:	103,104	98,977	107,231
In Armed Forces	3,591	2,891	4,291
Civilian:	99,513	95,366	103,660
Employed	92,497	88,733	96,261
Unemployed	7,016	5,585	8,447
Not in labor force	33,453	30,022	36,884
Bachelor's degree or higher:	103,871	99,157	108,585
In labor force:	86,438	82,092	90,784
In Armed Forces	2,503	1,903	3,103
Civilian:	83,935	79,633	88,237
Employed	81,897	77,548	86,246
Unemployed	2,038	1,372	2,704
Not in labor force	17,433	15,521	19,345

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2004 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The interval shown here is a 90 percent confidence interval. The stated range can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the lower and upper bounds contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '*' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An "**" entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
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 3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
- 4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 6. An "***" entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 7. An "*****" entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling
- 7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

2004 Accuracy of the Data